



The State of Midsize Enterprise Cybersecurity

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9/18 9am-9:15am

In today's digital world, data breaches seem like a fact of life. Having payments fraudulently re-routed, leaking customers' private information, and enabling – or being accused of enabling – nation-state attacks of critical infrastructure are all very real risks to midsized enterprises. And these enterprises are more likely to experience unrecoverable damage leading to bankruptcy or worse. Let's take a quick look at results from our cybersecurity survey regarding the things that you and your peers have identified as the key risks, challenges, and controls associated with your cybersecurity programs.



Pete Lindstrom

Vice President, Security Strategies IT Executive Program, IDC



- Over 25 years in InfoSec, IT, Finance
- Tech Risk Pro performing reading, writing, 'rithmetic on risk and security matters
- Former Marine (Gulf War veteran), 'Big Four' IT Auditor (PwC), Internal Auditor (GMAC Mortgage), Security Architect & Director (Wyeth)
- BBA Finance, University of Notre Dame; former CISSP and CISA



THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

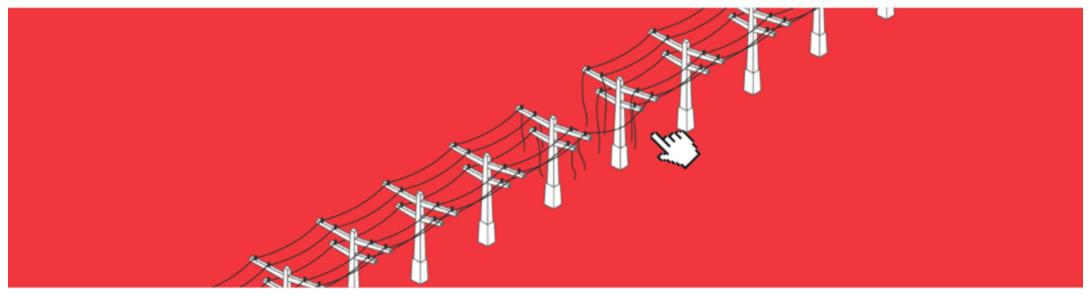


ILLUSTRATION BY JESSICA KURONEN/WSJ

America's Electric Grid Has a Vulnerable Back Door—and Russia Walked Through It

A Wall Street Journal reconstruction of the worst known hack into the nation's power system reveals attacks on hundreds of small contractors

By Rebecca Smith and Rob Barry



THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

One morning in March 2017, Mike Vitello 's work phone lighted up. Customers wanted to know about an odd email they had just received. What was the agreement he wanted

Mr. Vitello had no idea what they were talking about. The Oregon construction company where he works, All-Ways Excavating USA, checked it out. The email was bogus, they told Mr. Vitello's contacts. Ignore it.

Then, a few months later, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security dispatched a team to examine the company's computers You've been attacked, a government agent told Mr. Vitello's colleague, Dawn Cox. Maybe by Russians. They were trying to hack into the power grid.

ILLUSTRATION BY JE

Americ

"They were intercepting my every email," Mr. Vitello says. What the hell? I'm nobody."

"It's not you. It's who you know," says Ms. Cox.

signed? Where was the attachment?

A Wall Street

The cyberattack on the 15-person company pear Salem, Ore., which works with utilities and government agencies, was an early thrust in the worst known hack by a foreign government into the nation's electric grid. It set off so many alarms that U.S. officials took the unusual step in early 2018 of publicly blaming the Russian government.

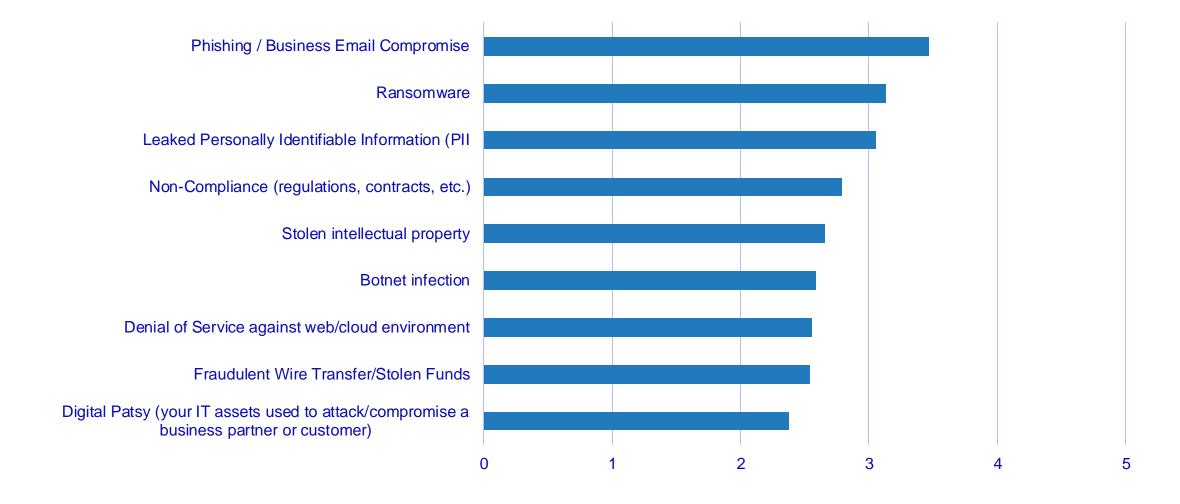
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em reveals attacks

By Rebecca Smith and Rob Barry



MES Survey: What are your top risks?





The Components of Risk

Unwanted Risk outcomes Sources of activity: **Threat** Likelihood users / devices Targets of activity: **Vulnerability** apps / servers

Impact

Potential loss

number of accessible systems, known vulnerabilities Qualitative or

Security posture affected by

Affected by volume of activity,

availability/cost of exploits,

Qualitative or quantitative estimates of increased costs and reduced revenue

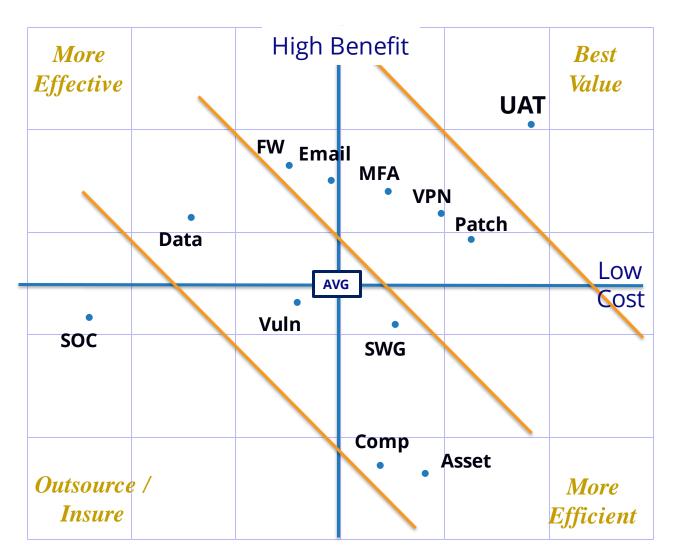
Loss of confidentiality,

productivity, propriety

Integrity, availability,

attackerrisk

MES Survey: What are your best controls?



UAT: User awareness training

Patch: Patch management VPN Encrypted communications MFA: Multifactor authentication Email: Email security solutions

FW: Firewalls

SWG: Secure web gateways /

proxies

Vuln: Vulnerability scanning

Data: Data security Asset: Asset/config

management

Compliance: Compliance

activities

SOC: Security operations center



In Search of... Economic Analysis for RRUC

Annual Prevention Costs				4 44 4							((D:=	1_ 7) - 1	- 	1
1. Input hardware costs below		<u>Current</u> <u>Alternative</u>				2					KlS	Kr	Reduc it Cos	:ea	per
Hardware Costs:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-									\boldsymbol{I}
Estimated Life (yrs):											7	T-0:	i+ C a	~4 99	•
2. Input software costs below						_						In	$u \cup o$	S l	
Software Costs:	\$	10,000	\$ 50,	.000 \$	70,	.000									
Estimated Life (yrs):		5		5		5									
Maintenance (%):		20%		20%		20%									
		Residu	al Risk												
Annualized HW/SW:	\$		fection data l	nelow											
3. Input labor costs below		Basic Infec	JEIOW		\$	1,000	ċ	1,000	ć	1,000					
Annual FTE Costs:	\$	Annual Inf			ψ.	50	ų.	45		20					
Total Annual Preventive Costs:	\$	Total Anni	ıal Infection (osts:		\$	50,000	\$	45,000	\$	20,000				
	_	5. Input breach estimat					33,000 \$				20,000				
		Major Breach Loss Estin Risk Reduced per Unit Cost Summary													
						nnual Preventive Costs:					84,000				
				Total Residual Risk:					\$					-	
		Major Bred	ach Risk:						\$		100,000				
		Implied Minin				mum R	n Risk:				184,000				
		Total Resid	lual Risk:	Total Cost of Solution:					\$		84,000	\$	100,000	\$	108,000
			Estimated Residu						\$		100,000	\$	85,000	\$	45,000
		Implied Ris			ied Risk	Reduction:			\$		84,000	\$	99,000	\$	139,000

Risk Reduced per Unit Cost:

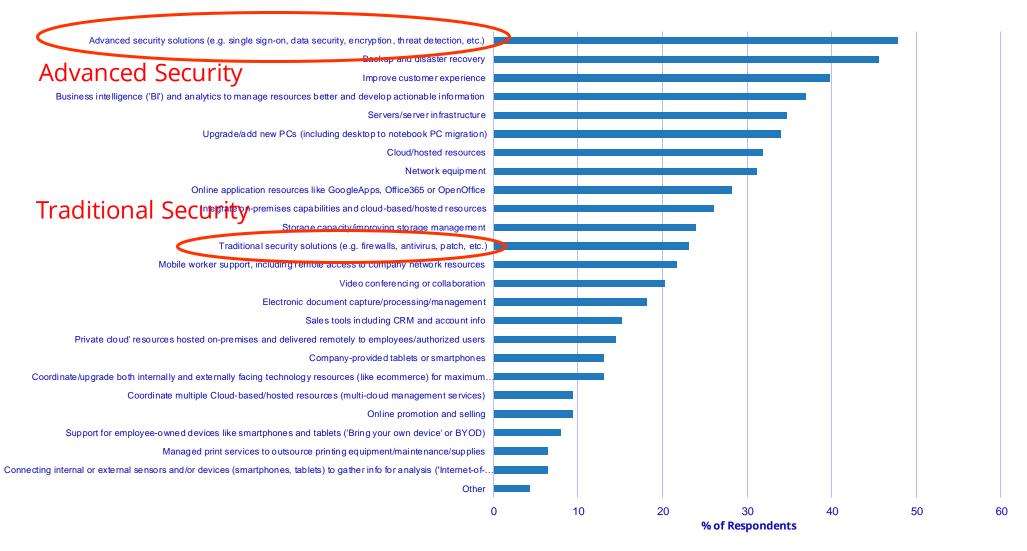
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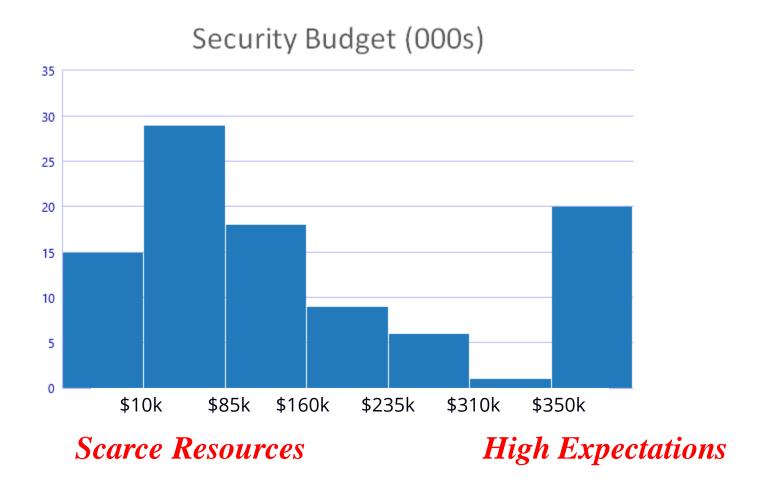
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MES Survey: What are your spending plans?





MES Survey: How much are you spending?





Peers: Best Practices for Security Budgets

Your Challenges	Peer Insights					
An annual budget and risk audit stymies the ongoing remediation of new and ever-evolving security threats.	Practice 1: Implement a standard, continuous process to identify threats, measure risk, and fix vulnerabilities.					
Increasing hyper-connectivity equals greater risk exposure, driving up costs.	Practice 2: Use a trusted network of security sources inside and outside of IT and your own industry.					
Recruiting and retaining experienced security professionals as employees is more difficult and costly in the face of security skills shortages.	Practice 3: Consider security skills shortages and future operating costs when making security outsourcing decisions.					
IT executives must educate boards of directors about cybersecurity risks and the cost of protection.	Practice 4: Gear security budget presentations to business outcomes when addressing senior executives and the board.					



Throughout the day...

- Look for ways that help you ASSESS RISK
- Look for ways that help you APPLY CONTROLS
- Look for ways that help you ALLOCATE RESOURCES

And never forget...



The Cybersecurity Mission Statement

"To enable business transformation through proper cyber risk management by allocating security resources efficiently and effectively leading to the strongest cybersecurity program possible."



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