THE BEST JUST GOT BETTER



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SOPHOS

Deconstructing the Threat landscape



Cyber Crime Revenues

Cybercrime will generate at least \$1.5 trillion this year

Crime	Annual Revenues		
Illegal online markets	\$860 Billion	Cybercrime Product or Service	Price (in US Dollars)
Trade secret, IP theft	\$500 Billion	SMS Spoofing	\$20/month
Data Trading	\$160 Billion	Custom Spyware	\$200
Crime-ware/CaaS	\$1.6 Billion	Hacker-for-Hire	\$200+
Ransomware	\$1 Billion	Malware Exploit Kit	\$200-\$700
Total Cybercrime Revenues	\$1.5 Trillion	Blackhole Exploit Kit	\$700/month or \$1,500/year
		Zero-Day Adobe Exploit	\$30,000
		Zero-Day iOS Exploit	\$250,000

https://www.thesslstore.com/blog/2018-cybercrime-statistics/

Continued rapid growth in new malware

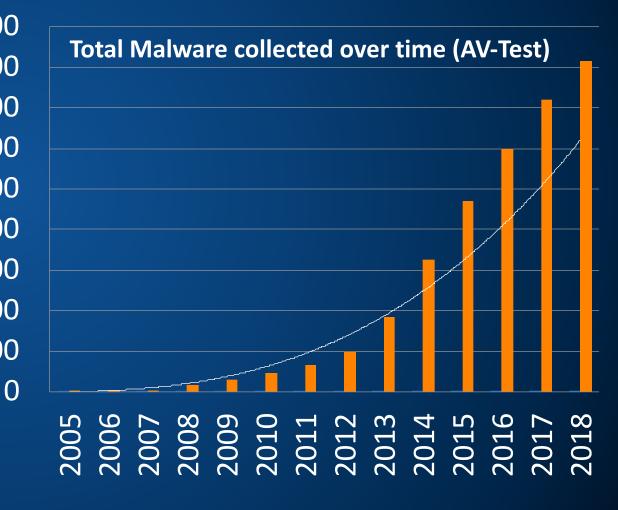
By the end of 2019 over 1 Billion unique malware samples will exist

The Volume of malware is staggering

1990's - Signature based Anti-Virus

- 1-1 map of 'checksums' to malware
- String Scanning

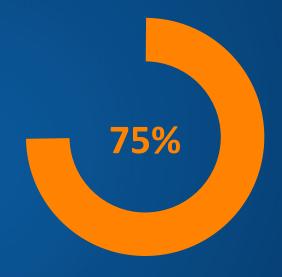
Requires a Victim to report the malware so a new signature can be built 900,000,000 800,000,000 700,000,000 600,000,000 500,000,000 400,000,000 300,000,000 200,000,000 100,000,000



The age of single-use disposable malware

400,000

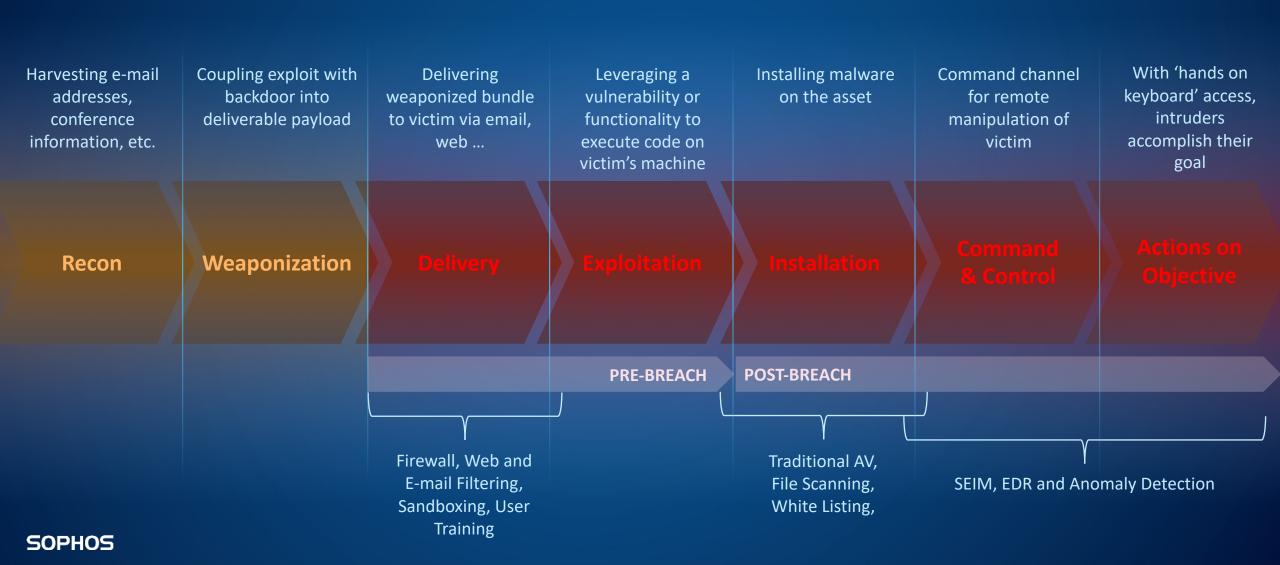
Sophos Labs receives and processes 400,000 previously unseen malware samples each day.



75% of the malicious files
SophosLabs detects are found
only within a single
organization.

2018 Threat Space Change – Kill Chain Compression

(Cyber Kill Chain)



Emotet

"Emotet continues to be among the most costly and destructive malware affecting state, local, tribal, and territorial (SLTT) governments, and the private and public sectors."

Source:

US CERT

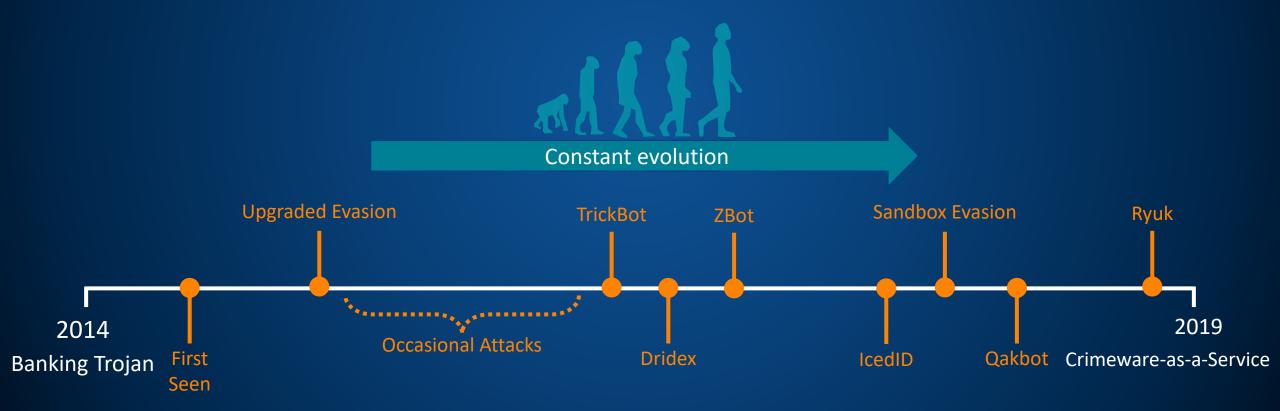
https://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/alerts/TA18-201A

First reported in 2014

EMOTET

"Amongst the most costly and destructive threats to U.S. businesses right now"

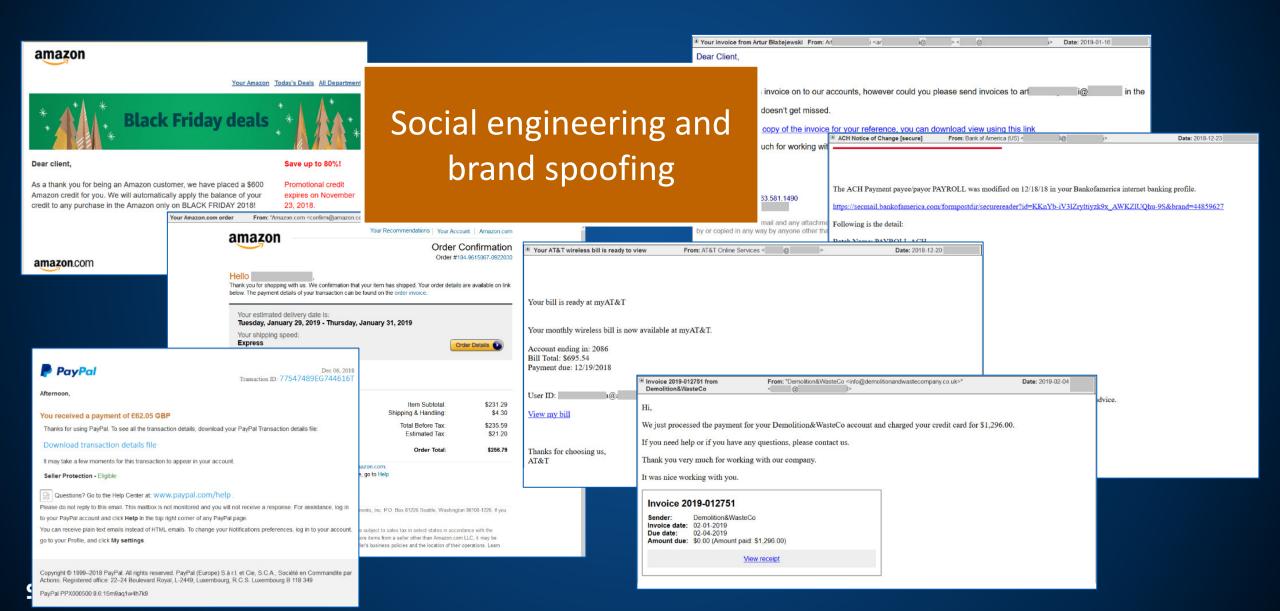
U.S. Department for Homeland Security, 2018



Emotet payloads change constantly



Usually Starts with Spam



For example - Deep learning neural network

Faster

- Deep learning detections in 20-100miliseconds per file
- Traditional ML 100-500 milliseconds per file

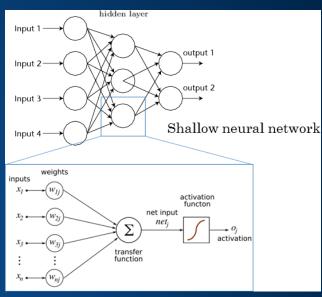
Smaller

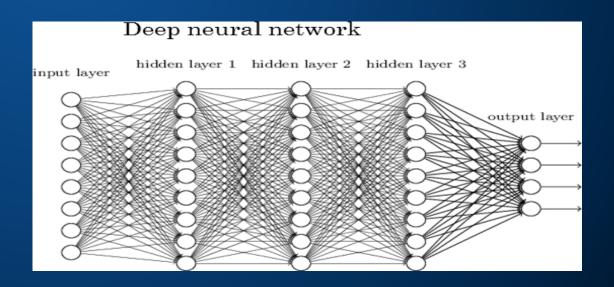
- Deep learning models are about 10-20 MB
- Traditional ML models can get huge 500 MB-10 GB

Smarter

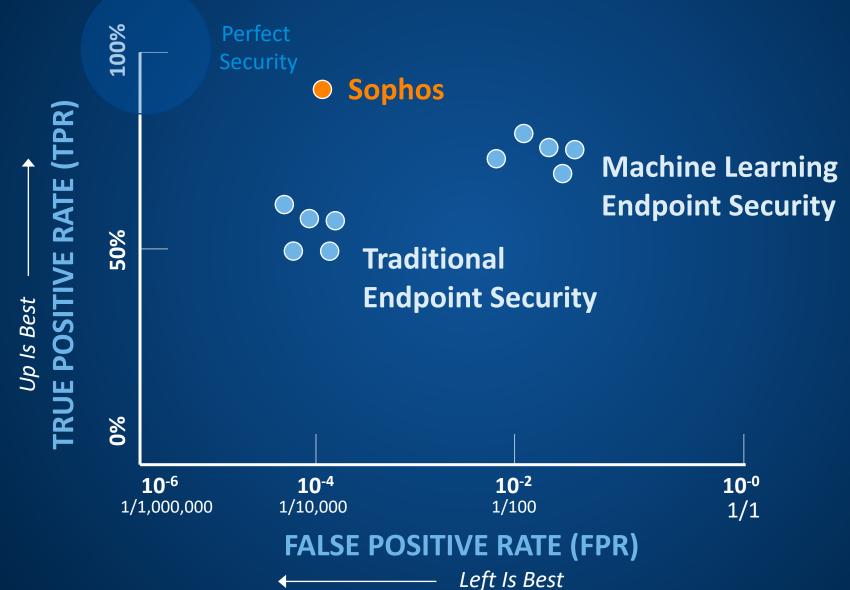
- Deep learning provide proven higher detection rates that improves with more data
- Traditional ML has Lower detection rates and diminishing returns with more data



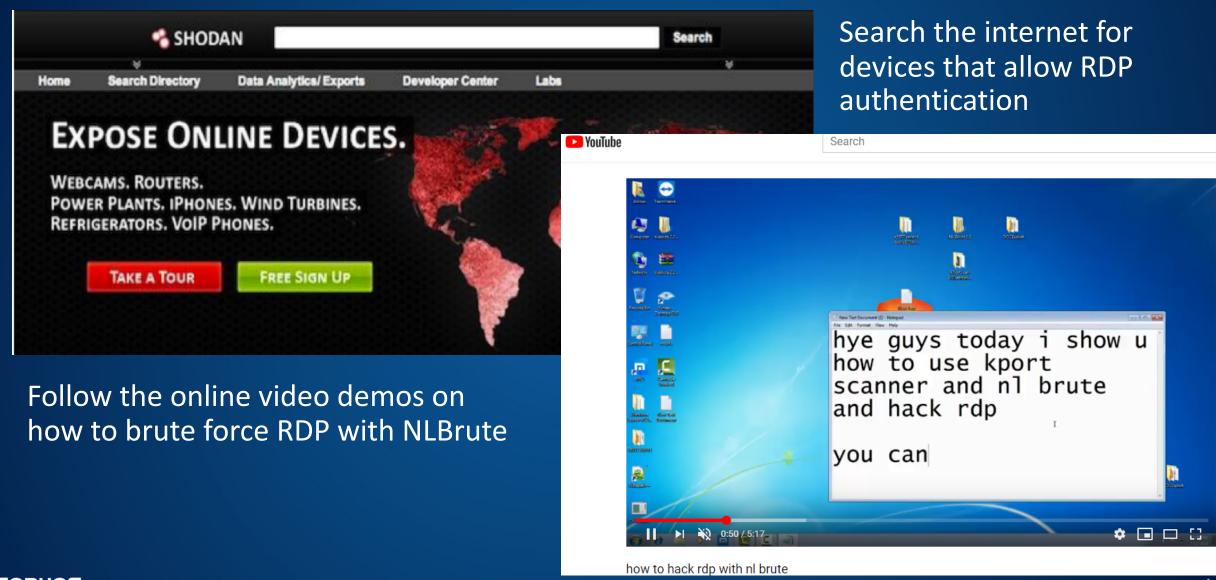




Predictive Security: Detecting Unknown Malware



So how did they steal my RDP password?



Now that you have an RDP password what

Anonymity

- Use the compromised device for other crimes
- Setup decoys on the device to delay investigators

SPAM Platform

 You have a server under your control, use it to send your spam campaign

Simple data theft

 You have full access, so see if they have anything of value on the box

Harvest more credentials

 Setup a key logger and wait for the user to do something interesting like log into a bank account

Crypto mining

Start harvesting cryptocurrency using their CPU, electricity and cooling

Deploy ransomware

- As admin uninstall the AV
- Check if you can move laterally to get more boxes
- Encrypt and post the ransom note
- Wait for payment

Endpoint Detection and Response



Why do I need Endpoint Detection and Response?

The core assumption is that your endpoint protection has failed to protect and you need someone to hunt for undetected threats, determine the amount of damage done and take action to recover to a known good state

By its nature EDR is an after the fact capability

Something bad is happening, can I discover it and stop it before more damage is done

61% of Surveyed Hackers Took Less than 15 Hours to Obtain Healthcare Data

(NUIX Black Report - https://www.nuix.com/black-report/black-report-2018)

68% of data breaches take months to discover

(Verizon DBIR 2018 - http://www.verizonenterprise.com/verizon-insights-lab/dbir/)



What are Endpoint Detection and Response Solutions?

Endpoint Data Recorder



Anomaly and Threat Detection

Investigation Tools



Containment and Recovery

Process activity

Memory

Network

File system

Registry

Threat intel feeds
Confirmed attacks
Suspect executables
Admin hunting

Situational awareness

Who/What/Where/When

Assets at risk

Scope of attack

Activity map

Deep insight

File and Device Forensics
Reputation

Device Isolation Quarantine

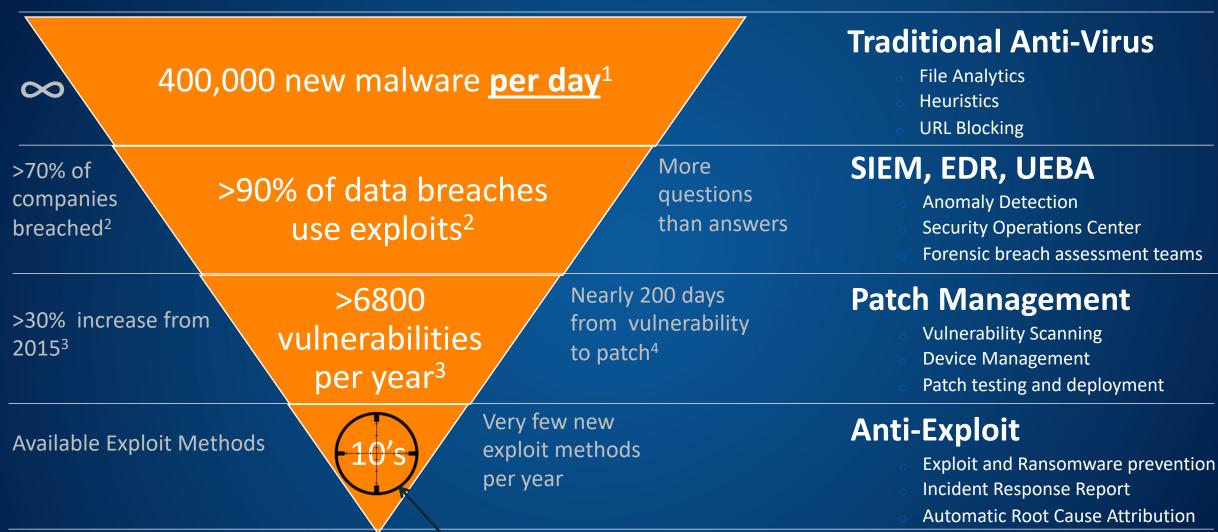
Removal

Do no harm

Gartner definition - The Endpoint Detection and Response Solutions (EDR) market is defined as solutions that record endpoint-system-level behaviors and events (for example user, file, process, registry, memory and network events and store this information either locally on the endpoint or in a centralized database. Databases of known IOCs and behavior analytics techniques are then used to continually search the data to identify early identification of breaches (including insider threats), and to rapidly respond to those attacks. These tools also help with rapid investigation into the scope of attacks, and provide response capability



And how about Exploits



1 – Virus Total 2 – NSS Labs

3 – Gartner 4 – White Hat Security

Anti-Exploit – Targets the root of the problem

Threat Intelligence Analysis: Threat Intelligence

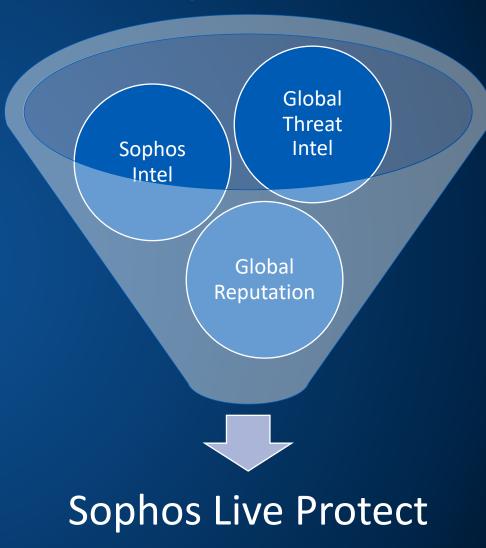
- Typical EDR products
 - You receive Threat Intel and search the EDR data base for matches
- Intercept X Advanced with EDR
 - Sophos Live Protection
 - Direct search if you still need it

Live Protection

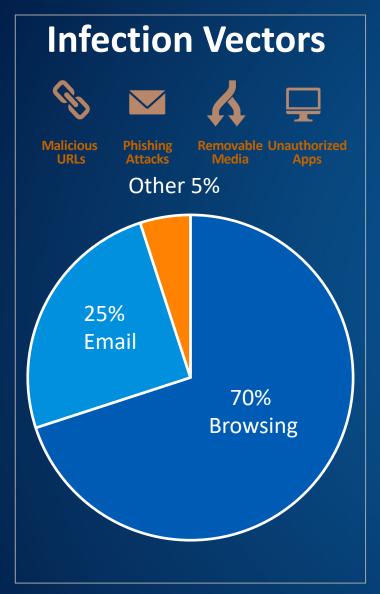


Use Live Protection to check the latest threat information from SophosLabs online

- Use Live Protection during scheduled scans
- Automatically submit malware samples to SophosLabs



Threat Vectors, Payloads and Techniques



Common Infection Payloads

45% Weaponized Documents



- Leverages authorized application to perform malicious activity
- Often uses existing system tools to complete the attack
- Non-.exe Malware
- May use malformed content to exploit the legitimate application

32% Malicious Executables



- Frequently packed and obfuscated to avoid traditional signature scans
- May be hidden inside legitimate software
- .exe Malware
- Often deployed by other malware to establish persistence

15% Malicious Scripts and HTML



- Typically Java Script run in the browser
- Includes MSHTA, Powershell, Cmd scripts ect
- Script-based Malware
- Often used to deliver malicious exe or establish connection to C2

Exploit Activity

Exploits (90% of breaches involved an exploit)



- Leverages a known or unknown vulnerability to execute code
- Often uses multiple exploit techniques to achieve objective
- May never deploy a file to the device and can stay in runtime memory